

OPTIREG™ linear TLF4277EL

Low drop out linear voltage regulator



Features

- Integrated current monitor
- Adjustable current limitation
- Adjustable output voltage
- Overvoltage detection
- Output current up to 200 mA
- Very low current consumption
- Very low dropout voltage
- Wide input voltage range up to 40 V
- Reverse polarity protection
- Short circuit protected
- Overtemperature shutdown
- Automotive temperature range $-40^{\circ}C \le T_i \le 150^{\circ}C$
- Green Product (RoHS and WEEE compliant)

Potential applications

General automotive applications.

Product validation

Qualified for automotive applications. Product validation according to AEC-Q100/101.

Description

The OPTIREG[™] linear TLF4277EL is the ideal companion IC to supply active antennas for car infotainment applications. The adjustable output voltage makes the TLF4277EL capable of supplying the majority of standard active antennas such as:

- FM/AM
- DAB
- XM
- SIRIUS

The TLF4277EL is a monolithic integrated low drop out voltage regulator capable of supplying loads up to 200 mA. For an input voltage up to 40 V the TLF4277EL provides an adjustable output voltage in a range from







5 V up to 12 V. The integrated current monitor function is a unique feature that provides diagnosis and system protection functionality. Fault conditions such as overtemperature and output overvoltage are monitored and indicated at the current sense output. The maximum output current limit of the device is adjustable to provide additional protection to the connected load.

Via the enable function the IC can be disabled to lower the power consumption. The PG-SSOP14 EP package provides an enhanced thermal performance within a SO8 body size.

Туре	Package	Marking
TLF4277EL	PG-SSOP14 EP	TLF4277



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Block diagram

1 Block diagram



Figure 1 Block and simplified application diagram TLF4277EL (Package PG-SSOP14 EP)



Pin configuration

2 Pin configuration

2.1 Pin assignment



Figure 2 Pin configuration (top view)

2.2 Pin definitions and functions

Table 1Pin definitions and functions

Pin no.	Symbol	Function
1	CS2	Current sense in 2
		Current monitor and power stage input.
3	CS1	Current sense in 1
		Current monitor input.
5	I	IC supply
		Place a capacitor from I (pin 5) to GND close to the IC for compensating line
		influences.
7	CSO	Current sense out
		Current monitor and status output.
8	EN	Enable
		High signal enables the regulator;
		Low signal disables the regulator;
		Connect to I, if the enable function is not needed.
10	GND	Ground
		Connect pin to PCB and heat sink area.
12	ADJ	Voltage adjust
		Connect an external voltage divider to configure the output voltage.
14	Q	Regulator output
		Connect a capacitor between Q (pin 8) and GND close to the IC pins, respecting the values given for its capacitance C _o and ESR in Table 3 .



Pin configuration

Pin no.	Symbol	Function
_	PAD	Heat sink
		Connect to PCB heat sink area and GND.
2, 4, 6,	NC	Not connected
9, 11, 13		Internally not connected;
		Connect to PCB GND.

Table 1Pin definitions and functions (cont'd)



General product characteristics

3 General product characteristics

3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 2Absolute maximum ratings

 T_j = -40°C to 150°C; all voltages with respect to ground, positive current flowing into pin (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.	_		
Voltage ratings			-1				
IC supply I	VI	-42	-	45	V	1)	P_4.1.1
Enable input EN	V _{EN}	-42	-	45	V	1)	P_4.1.2
Voltage adjust input ADJ	V _{ADJ}	-0.3	-	10	V	1)	P_4.1.3
Regulator output Q	V _Q	-1	-	40	V	1)	P_4.1.4
Current monitor input CS1	V _{CS1}	-42	-	45	V	1)	P_4.1.5
Current monitor input CS2	V _{CS2}	-42	-	45	V	1)	P_4.1.6
Current monitor out CSO	V _{cso}	-0.3	-	5	V	1)	P_4.1.7
Temperatures			-1		-	1	I
Junction temperature	T _j	-40	-	150	°C	1)	P_4.1.8
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55	-	150	°C	1)	P_4.1.9
ESD susceptibility	<u>*</u>						
ESD resistivity to GND	V _{ESD}	-2	-	2	kV	HBM ¹⁾²⁾	P_4.1.10
ESD resistivity	V _{ESD}	-1	-	1	kV	CDM ¹⁾³⁾	P_4.1.11
1) Not subject to production to	ast snacified	hy desi	σn			1	1

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) ESD susceptibility, HBM according to AEC-Q-100-002-JESD22-A114.

3) ESD susceptibility, Charged Device Model "CDM" ESDA STM5.3.1.

Notes

- 1. Integrated protection functions are designed to prevent IC destruction under fault conditions described in the datasheet. Fault conditions are considered as "outside" normal operating range. Protection functions are not designed for continuous repetitive operation.
- 2. Stresses above the ones listed her may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

OPTIREG[™] linear TLF4277EL Low drop out linear voltage regulator



General product characteristics

3.2 Functional range

Table 3Functional range

Parameter	Symbol	v	alues		Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Input voltage	VI	5	-	40	V	-	P_4.2.1
Input voltage power stage	V _{CS2}	$V_{Q} + 0.5$	_	40	V	$V_{\rm Q} = V_{\rm CS2} - V_{\rm Dr}$	P_4.2.2
Differential input voltage	V _{SHUNT}	0	_	0.5	V	$V_{\rm SHUNT} = V_{\rm BAT} - V_{\rm CS2}$	P_4.2.3
Output voltage range	V _Q	5	_	12	V	-	P_4.2.4
Reference Resistor	R _{CS1}	100	_	1000	Ω	-	P_4.2.5
Current sense output resistor	R _{cso}	1	_	5	kΩ	-	P_4.2.6
Current sense output capacitor	C _{CSO}	1	_	4.7	μF	-	P_4.2.7
Junction temperature	T _j	-40	_	150	°C	-	P_4.2.8
Output capacitor requirements	C _Q	10	-	-	μF	1)	P_4.2.9
	ESR _{CQ}	-	-	3	Ω	2)	P_4.2.10

1) The minimum output capacitance requirement is applicable for a worst case capacitance tolerance of 30%.

2) Relevant ESR value at f = 10 kHz.

3.3 Thermal resistance

Table 4Thermal resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Junction to case	R _{thJC}	-	-	10	K/W	Measured to the exposed pad ¹⁾	P_4.3.1
Junction to ambient	R _{thJA}	-	150	-	K/W	Footprint only ¹⁾²⁾	P_4.3.2
		-	64	-	K/W	300 mm ² PCB heat sink area ²⁾	P_4.3.3
		-	55	-	K/W	600 mm ² PCB heat sink area ²⁾	P_4.3.4
		-	50	-	K/W	2s2p PCB ³⁾	P_4.3.5

1) Not subject to production test, specified by design.

2) Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD 51-3 at natural convection on FR4 1s0p board; The Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 1 copper layer (1 × 70 µm Cu).

Specified R_{thJA} value is according to Jedec JESD51-2,-5,-7 at natural convection on FR4 2s2p board; The Product (Chip+Package) was simulated on a 76.2 × 114.3 × 1.5 mm³ board with 2 inner copper layers (2 × 70 μm Cu, 2 × 35 μm Cu). Where applicable a thermal via array under the exposed pad contacted the first inner copper layer.

Note: Within the functional range the IC operates as described in the circuit description. The electrical characteristics are specified within the conditions given in the related electrical characteristics table.



4 Voltage regulator

4.1 Description voltage regulator

The output voltage V_Q is controlled by comparing the feedback voltage (V_{ADJ}) to an internal reference voltage and driving a PNP pass transistor accordingly. The control loop stability depends on the output capacitor C_Q , the output capacitor ESR, the load current and the chip temperature. To ensure stable operation, the output capacitor's capacitance and its equivalent series resistor ESR requirements given in the **Table 3.2** have to be maintained. For stability details please refer to the typical performance graph **Output capacitor series resistivity ESRCQ vs. output current IQ**. In addition the output capacitor may need to be sized larger to buffer load transients.

An input capacitor C_1 is not needed for the control loop stability, but recommended to buffer line influences. Connect the capacitors close to the IC terminals. In general a buffered supply voltage is recommended for the device. For details see **Chapter 8.1**.

Protection circuitry prevents the IC as well as the application from destruction in case of catastrophic events. The integrated safeguards consist of output current limitation, reverse polarity protection as well as thermal shutdown in case of overtemperature.

In order to avoid excessive power dissipation that could never be handled by the pass element and the package, an integrated safe operation monitor lowers the maximum output current input voltages above $V_{BAT} = 22 \text{ V}.$

The thermal shutdown circuit prevents the IC from immediate destruction under fault conditions (e.g. output continuously short-circuited) by switching off the power stage. After the chip has cooled down, the regulator restarts. This leads to an oscillatory behavior of the output voltage until the fault is removed. However, junction temperatures above 150°C are outside the maximum ratings and therefore significantly reduce the IC lifetime.

The TLF4277EL allows a negative supply voltage. However, several small currents are flowing into the IC increasing its junction temperature. This reverse current has to be considered for the thermal design, respecting that the thermal protection circuit is not operating during reverse polarity condition.



Figure 3 Block diagram voltage regulator circuit



4.2 Electrical characteristics voltage regulator

Table 5 Electrical characteristics: voltage regulator

 V_{BAT} = 13.5 V, T_j = -40°C to 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground, direction of currents as shown in **Figure 7** (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	S	Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Reference voltage	V _{REF,int}	-	1.22	-	V	1)	P_5.2.1
Output voltage tolerance	V _Q	-2	-	2	%	1 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 200 mA; 9 V $\leq V_{BAT} \leq$ 16 V ²⁾	P_5.2.2
		-2	-	2	%	1 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 150 mA; 6 V $\leq V_{BAT} \leq$ 16 V ²⁾	P_5.2.3
		-2	-	2	%	1 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 100 mA; 16 V $\leq V_{BAT} \leq$ 32 V ²⁾³⁾	P_5.2.4
		-2	-	2	%	1 mA $\leq I_Q \leq$ 10 mA; 32 V $\leq V_{BAT} \leq$ 45 V ²⁾³⁾	P_5.2.5
Load regulation steady-state	∆V _{Q,load}	-30	-5	-	mV	$I_{Q} = 1 \text{ mA to } 150 \text{ mA;}$ $V_{BAT} = 6 \text{ V}$ $V_{Q} = 5 \text{ V}$	P_5.2.6
Line regulation steady-state	∆V _{Q,line}	-	5	20	mV	$V_{BAT} = 6 V \text{ to } 32 V;$ $I_Q = 5 \text{ mA}$ $V_Q = 5 V$	P_5.2.7
Power supply ripple rejection	PSRR	60	65	-	dB	f _{ripple} = 100 Hz; V _{ripple} = 1 Vpp	P_5.2.8
Dropout voltage $V_{\rm Dr} = V_{\rm CS2} - V_{\rm Q}$	V _{Dr}	-	120	250	mV	$I_{\rm Q} = 50 {\rm mA}^{4}$	P_5.2.9
		-	250	500	mV	$I_{\rm Q}$ = 150 mA ⁴⁾	P_5.2.10
Output current limitation	I _{Q,max}	300	-	600	mA	$0 V \le V_Q \le 0.95 \times V_{Q,nom};$ CSO pin connected to GND	P_5.2.11
Reverse current	I _Q	-2	-1	-	mA	$V_{BAT} = V_{CS2} = 0 V;$ $V_Q = 5 V$	P_5.2.12
Reverse current at negative input voltage	I _{BAT}	-10	-6	-	mA	$V_{BAT} = -16 V;$ $V_Q = 0 V$	P_5.2.13
Overtemperature shutdown threshold	T _{j,sd}	151	-	200	°C	<i>T</i> _j increasing ¹⁾	P_5.2.14
Overtemperature shutdown threshold hysteresis	T _{j,hy}	-	25	-	К	<i>T</i> _j decreasing ¹⁾	P_5.2.15

1) Parameter not subject to production test; specified by design.

2) Referring to the device tolerance only, the tolerance of the resistor divider can cause additional deviation.

3) See typical performance graph for details.

4) Measured when the output voltage V_Q has dropped 100 mV from its nominal value.



4.3 Application information for the setting the variable output voltage

The output voltage of the TLF4277EL can be adjusted between 5 V and 12 V by an external output voltage divider, closing the control loop to the voltage adjust pin ADJ.

The voltage at pin ADJ is compared to the internal reference of typical 1.22 V in an error amplifier. It controls the output voltage.



Figure 4 Application detail external components at output for variable voltage regulator

The output voltage is calculated according to **Equation (4.1)**:

 $V_{\rm Q} = (R_1 + R_2)/R_2 \times V_{\rm REF,int}$, neglecting $I_{\rm ADJ}$

(4.1)

$V_{\text{REF,int}}$ is typically 1.22 V.

To avoid errors caused by leakage current I_{ADJ} , we recommend to choose the resistor value for $R_2 < 27 \text{ k}\Omega$.

The accuracy of the resistors for the external voltage divider can lead to a higher tolerance of the output voltage. To achieve a reasonable accuracy resistors with a tolerance of 1% or lower are recommended for the feedback divider.



4.4 Typical performance characteristics voltage regulator

Reference voltage $V_{\text{REF,int}}$ vs. junction temperature T_j



Output capacitor series resistivity ESR_{cQ} vs. output current I_{O}



Dropout voltage $V_{\rm Dr}$ vs. output current $I_{\rm Q}$



Power supply ripple rejection PSRR





Current consumption

5 Current consumption

5.1 Electrical characteristics current consumption

Table 6 Electrical characteristics: current consumption

 V_{BAT} = 13.5 V, T_j = -40°C to 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground; direction of currents as shown in **Figure 7** (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	s	Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Current consumption	I _{q,on}	-	150	200	μA	I _Q ≤ 200 μA; T _j ≤ 25°C;	P_6.1.1
						$V_{\rm EN} = 5 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	
		-	175	250	μA	<i>I</i> _Q ≤ 200 μA; <i>T</i> _j ≤ 85°C;	P_6.1.2
						$V_{\rm EN} = 5 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	
		-	1.2	2.6	mA	I _Q = 50 mA;	P_6.1.3
						$V_{\rm EN} = 5 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	
		-	3.5	6	mA	I _Q = 100 mA;	P_6.1.4
						$V_{\rm EN} = 5 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	
		-	5	10	mA	l _o = 150 mA;	P_6.1.5
						$V_{\rm EN} = 5 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	
Current consumption	I _{q,off}	-	-	3	μΑ	<i>T</i> _j ≤ 25°C;	P_6.1.6
						$V_{\rm EN} = 0.8 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	
		-	-	5	μA	<i>T</i> _j ≤ 85°C;	P_6.1.7
						$V_{\rm EN} = 0.8 \rm V;$	
						$I_{q} = I_{1} + I_{CS2} - I_{Q}$	



Current consumption

5.2 Typical performance graphs current consumption

Current consumption $I_{q,off}$ vs. junction temperature T_j



Current consumption $I_{q,on}$ vs. junction temperature T_i



Current consumption $I_{q,on}$ vs. output current I_Q





Current and protection monitor functions

6 Current and protection monitor functions

6.1 Functional description current and protection monitors

The TLF4277EL provides a set of advanced monitor functionality. The current flowing into the power stage can be monitored at the CSO output. In addition the current limitation can be adjusted via external resistors. Events of the implemented protection functions are reported through dedicated voltage levels at the CSO output. This information can be processed by an external μ C for system analysis and failure identification. The monitored events are over-current, overvoltage, and temperature shutdown.



Figure 5 Block diagram current and protection monitor

To reduce possible effects from the supply voltage V_{BAT} additional filtering in of the supply voltage is recommended. A combination of a 100 nF capacitor and an additional buffer capacitor of 10 μ F or higher should be placed as close a possible to the IC terminal, which are connected to V_{BAT} .

Figure 6 shows the output level at the CSO pin versus the operation or fault condition. The graph is valid for the following set up of external components:

 $R_{\text{SHUNT}} = 1 \Omega$ $R_{\text{CS1}} = 100 \Omega$ $C_{\text{CS0}} = 2.2 \mu\text{F}$ $R_{\text{CS0}} = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$



Current and protection monitor functions



Figure 6 Output levels and functionality of the CSO output¹⁾

6.1.1 Linear current monitor

Inside the linear current monitor area the current driven out of the CSO pin is proportional to the voltage which is measured between pin CS1 and CS2.

The level of the current *I*_{CSO} can be adjusted according to **Equation (6.1)**:

Adjustment I_{cso}

(6.1)

$$I_{\rm CSO} = \frac{V_{\rm BAT} - V_{\rm CS2}}{R_{\rm CS1}} = I_{\rm CS2} \times \frac{R_{\rm SHUNT}}{R_{\rm CS1}}$$

Adjustment of the voltage level for $V_{\rm CSO}$

(6.2)

$$V_{CSO} = \frac{(V_{BAT} - V_{CS2}) \times R_{CSO}}{R_{CS1}} = V_{SHUNT} \times \frac{R_{CSO}}{R_{CS1}}$$

Datasheet

¹⁾ The graph is just an example and only valid for an certain configuration of the external components.

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Current and protection monitor functions

6.1.2 Adjustable output current limitation

The TLF4277EL has an adjustable current limitation for the current flowing into the power stage (pin CS2). If the level of the voltage drop across the sense resistor R_{SHUNT} is higher than the desired linear monitor range the output current of the TLF4277EL will be limited.

Setting of the adjustable current limitation

(6.3)

$$I_{CS2,lim} = \frac{2.55V \times R_{CS1}}{R_{SHUNT} \times R_{CSO}}$$

A voltage level as defined in **VCSO,cur_lim** will be applied at the CSO pin.

To achieve a current limitation of 170 mA the following configuration can be used:

(6.4)

$$I_{CS2,lim} = \frac{2.55V \times 100\Omega}{1\Omega \times 1.5k\Omega} = 170 \text{mA}$$

 $R_{\text{SHUNT}} = 1 \Omega$ $R_{\text{CS1}} = 100 \Omega$ $R_{\text{CS0}} = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$

6.1.3 Overvoltage detection

To detect a possible short circuit of the output to a higher supply rail the TLF4277EL has an overvoltage detection implemented. An overvoltage will be detected, if the voltage level at the ADJ pin is 20% higher than the internal reference voltage $V_{\text{REF.int}}$ defined in **Table 5**.

Under this condition the CSO pin will be driven through an internal voltage buffer with a voltage level as defined in **VCSO,OV**.

6.1.4 Thermal shutdown detection

If the junction temperature will exceed the limits defined in the **Table 5** the TLF4277EL will disable the output voltage. In this case a voltage level as defined in **VCSO,TSD** will be applied at the CSO pin.

OPTIREG[™] linear TLF4277EL Low drop out linear voltage regulator



Current and protection monitor functions

6.2 Electrical characteristics current and protection monitor

Table 7 Electrical characteristics: current monitor function

 V_{BAT} = 13.5 V, T_j = -40°C to 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground, direction of currents as shown in **Figure 7** (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	s	Unit	Note or Test Condition	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.			
Linear Current Monitor		-1				1	
Current sense output current I_{CSO} ($V_{SHUNT} = 10 \text{ mV}$)	I _{cso}	0.08	0.1	0.12	mA	$T_{\rm j}$ =25°C $R_{\rm SHUNT}$ =1 Ω	P_7.2.1
(<i>V</i> _{SHUNT} = 50 mV)		0.47	0.5	0.53	mA	$R_{\rm CS1} = 100 \ \Omega$	P_7.2.2
(V _{SHUNT} = 100 mV)		0.97	1	1.03	mA	$R_{\rm CSO}$ = 1.5 k $\Omega^{1)}$	P_7.2.3
(V _{SHUNT} = 150 mV)		1.45	1.5	1.55	mA		P_7.2.4
Adjustable current limitation							
Adjustable current limit	I _{CS2,lim}	162	170	187	mA	$R_{SHUNT} = 1 \Omega$ $R_{CS1} = 100 \Omega$ $R_{CSO} = 1.5 k\Omega$ $V_Q < 0.95 \times V_{Q,nom}^{1}$	P_7.2.5
CSO voltage level Current limitation	V _{CSO,cur_lim}	2.45	2.55	2.65	V	$R_{SHUNT} = 1 \Omega$ $R_{CS1} = 100 \Omega$ $R_{CS0} = 1.5 k\Omega$ $V_Q < 0.95 \times V_{Q,nom}^{1}$	P_7.2.6
Output level overvoltage detect	ed						
CSO voltage level Overvoltage detected	V _{cso,ov}	3.0	3.1	3.2	V	$V_{\rm ADJ} > 1.2 \times V_{\rm REF,nom}^{1}$	P_7.2.7
Output level overtemperature d	etected	1	1	1			u.
CSO voltage level Overtemperature detected	V _{cso,tsd}	2.65	2.8	2.95	V	$150^{\circ}\text{C} < T_{j} < 180^{\circ}\text{C}^{2}$	P_7.2.8
	·						

1) Referring to the device tolerance only, the tolerance of the external components can cause additional deviation.

2) Specified by design; not subject to production test.



Enable function

7 Enable function

7.1 Description enable function

The TLF4277EL can be turned on or turned off via the EN Input. With voltage levels higher than $V_{\text{EN,high}}$ applied to the EN input the device will be completely turned on. A voltage level lower than $V_{\text{EN,low}}$ sets the device to low quiescent current mode. In this condition the device is turned off and is not functional. The enable input has an build in hysteresis to avoid toggling between ON/OFF state, if signals with slow slope are applied to the input.

7.2 Electrical characteristics enable function

Table 8 Electrical characteristics: enable function

 V_{BAT} = 13.5 V, T_j = -40°C to 150°C, all voltages with respect to ground, direction of currents as shown in **Figure 7** (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Values				Note or	Number
		Min.	Тур.	Max.		Test Condition	
Enable Low signal valid	V _{EN,low}	-	-	0.8	V	-	P_8.2.1
Enable High signal valid	V _{EN,high}	2	-	-	V	V _Q settled	P_8.2.2
Enable Threshold hysteresis	V _{EN,hyst}	50	-	-	mV	-	P_8.2.3
Enable Input current	I _{EN}	-	-	2	μA	V _{EN} = 5 V	P_8.2.4
Enable Internal pull-down resistor	R _{EN}	3	4.5	6	MΩ	-	P_8.2.5



Application information

8 Application information

8.1 Measurement circuit



Figure 7 Measuring circuit

Measurement set up:

 $R_{SHUNT} = 1 \Omega$ $R_{CS1} = 100 \Omega$ $C_{CSO} = 2.2 \mu F$ $R_{CSO} = 1.5 k\Omega$ $R_1 = 38 k\Omega$ $R_2 = 12 k\Omega$ $C_Q = 10 \mu F$



Package information





Figure 8 PG-SSOP14 EP¹⁾

Green Product (RoHS compliant)

To meet the world-wide customer requirements for environmentally friendly products and to be compliant with government regulations the device is available as a green product. Green products are RoHS-Compliant (i.e Pb-free finish on leads and suitable for Pb-free soldering according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020).

Further information on packages

https://www.infineon.com/packages

¹⁾ Dimensions in mm



Revision history

10 Revision history

Revision	Date	Changes
1.1	2022-03-08	Updated layout and structure. Editorial changes.
1.02	2011-07-04	Updated cover page. Fixed linear current monitor formulas (2,3) on Page 16 .
1.01	2011-05-07	Template update.
1.0	2009-05-07	Initial release.

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