

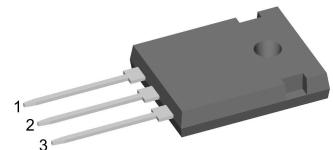
# Thyristor

$V_{RRM}$  = 1400 V  
 $I_{TAV}$  = 30 A  
 $V_T$  = 1.3 V

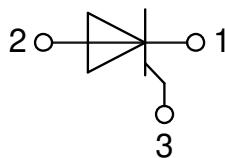
## Single Thyristor

### Part number

**CS30-14io1**



Backside: anode



### Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability

### Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

### Package: TO-247

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Epoxy meets UL 94V-0

### Disclaimer Notice

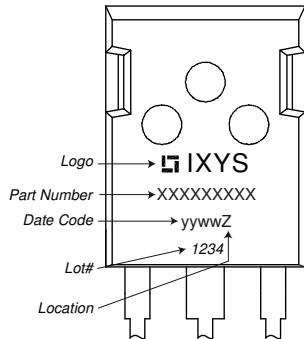
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**Thyristor**

Symbol	Definition	Conditions	Ratings			
			min.	typ.	max.	
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1500	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$			1400	V
$I_{R/D}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 1400 V$ $V_{R/D} = 1400 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		50 2	$\mu A$ mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1.30	V
		$I_T = 60 A$			1.63	V
		$I_T = 30 A$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1.30	V
		$I_T = 60 A$			1.71	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 120^\circ C$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		30	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			47	A
$V_{T0}$	threshold voltage	$r_T$ slope resistance } for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		0.87	V
	slope resistance				14.2	$m\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.5	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.3		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^\circ C$		250	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$		400	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		430	A
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		340	A
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		365	A
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ C$		800	$A^2s$
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		770	$A^2s$
		$t = 10 \text{ ms}; (50 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^\circ C$		580	$A^2s$
		$t = 8,3 \text{ ms}; (60 \text{ Hz}), \text{sine}$	$V_R = 0 V$		555	$A^2s$
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400 V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$	16		pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30 \mu s$	$T_C = 150^\circ C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300 \mu s$			5	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C; f = 50 \text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 90 A$			150	$A/\mu s$
		$t_p = 200 \mu s; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s;$				
		$I_G = 0.3 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 30 A$			500	$A/\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		1000	$V/\mu s$
		$R_{GK} = \infty$ ; method 1 (linear voltage rise)				
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		1	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		1.2	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6 V$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		55	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^\circ C$		80	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		0.2	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				5	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10 \mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		150	mA
		$I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6 V$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		100	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^\circ C$		2	$\mu s$
		$I_G = 0.3 A; di_G/dt = 0.3 A/\mu s$				
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100 V; I_T = 30 A; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$		150		$\mu s$
		$di/dt = 15 A/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 20 V/\mu s$ $t_p = 200 \mu s$				

**Package TO-247**

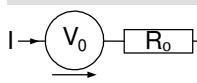
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			70	A
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		150	°C
<b>Weight</b>				6		g
$M_d$	mounting torque		0.8		1.2	Nm
$F_c$	mounting force with clip		20		120	N

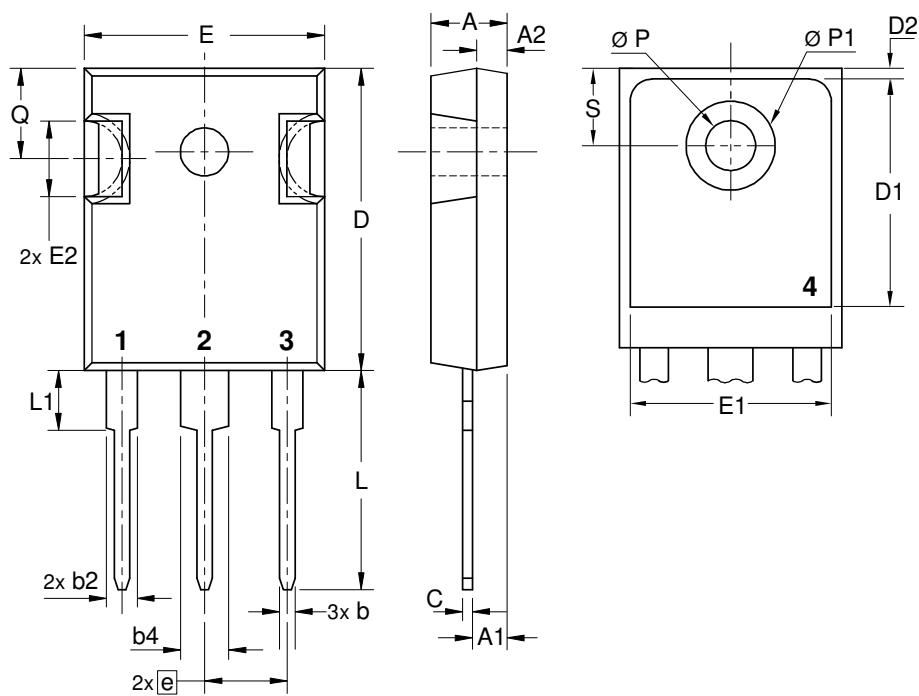
**Product Marking**


Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	CS30-14io1	CS30-14io1	Tube	30	466573

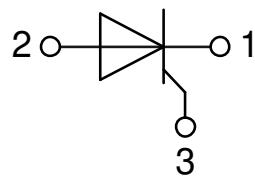
Similar Part	Package	Voltage class
CS30-12io1	TO-247AD (3)	1200
CS30-16io1	TO-247AD (3)	1600

**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
\* on die level
 $T_{VJ} = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 

	<b>Thyristor</b>	
$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.87 V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	11.7 mΩ

**Outlines TO-247**


Sym.	Inches min. max.	Millimeter min. max.
A	0.185 0.209	4.70 5.30
A1	0.087 0.102	2.21 2.59
A2	0.059 0.098	1.50 2.49
D	0.819 0.845	20.79 21.45
E	0.610 0.640	15.48 16.24
E2	0.170 0.216	4.31 5.48
e	0.215 BSC	5.46 BSC
L	0.780 0.800	19.80 20.30
L1	- 0.177	- 4.49
Ø P	0.140 0.144	3.55 3.65
Q	0.212 0.244	5.38 6.19
S	0.242 BSC	6.14 BSC
b	0.039 0.055	0.99 1.40
b2	0.065 0.094	1.65 2.39
b4	0.102 0.135	2.59 3.43
c	0.015 0.035	0.38 0.89
D1	0.515 -	13.07 -
D2	0.020 0.053	0.51 1.35
E1	0.530 -	13.45 -
Ø P1	- 0.29	- 7.39



## Thyristor

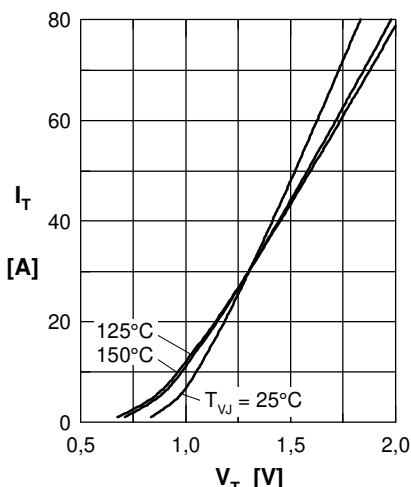


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

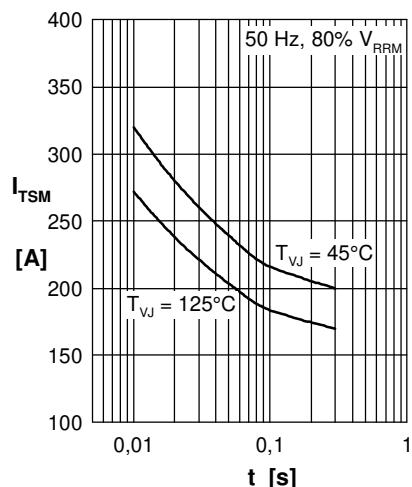


Fig. 2 Surge overload current

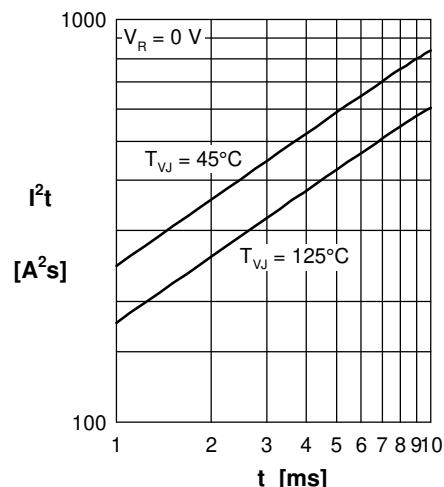


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

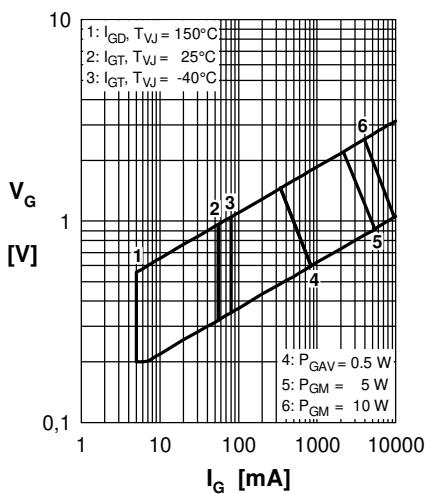


Fig. 4 Gate trigger characteristics

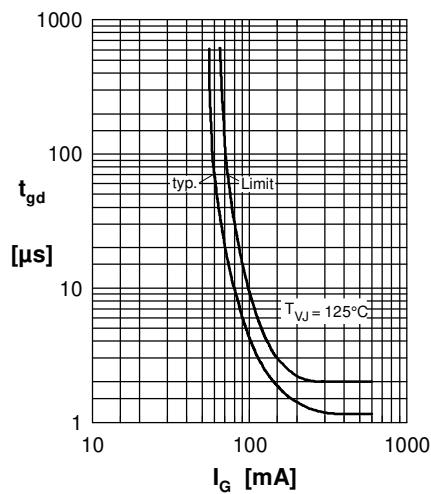


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time

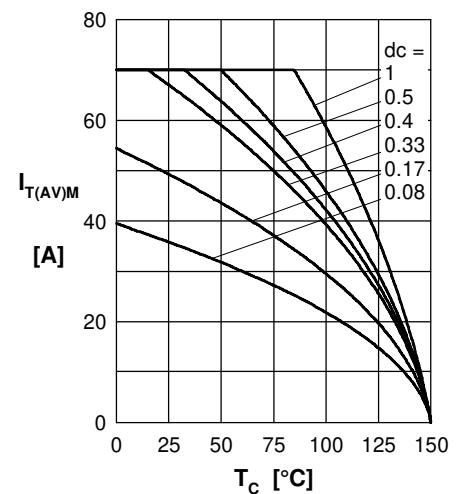


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

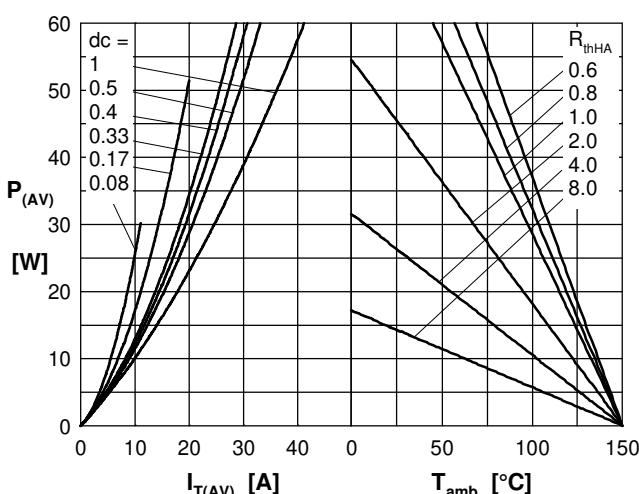


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

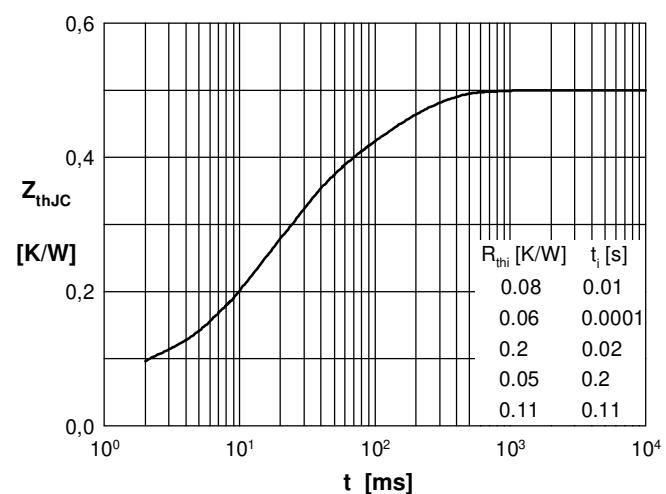


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case

