

**Small Plastic Package, Dual SPDT Analog Switch**
**Features**

- CMOS Technology for Bus and Analog Applications
- Low On-Resistance:  $0.6\Omega$ .
- Wide V<sub>CC</sub> Range: 2.7V to 4.2V  $\pm 10\%$
- Rail-to-Rail Signal Range
- High Off Isolation: -75dB @ 100kHz
- Crosstalk Rejection Reduces Signal Distortion: -90dB @ 100kHz
- Break-Before-Make Switching
- Extended Industrial Temperature Range: -40°C to 85°C
- Packaging (Pb-free & Green): 10-contact TQFN (ZL10)

**Applications**

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- MP3 players
- Portable Instrumentation
- Computer Peripherals
- Speaker Headset Switching
- Power Routing
- Relay Replacement
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- PCMCIA Cards
- Modems

**Pin Description**

Pin #	Name	Description
5, 2	NO <sub>X</sub>	Data Port (Normally open)
3	GND	Ground
10, 7	NC <sub>X</sub>	Data Port (Normally closed)
6, 1	COM <sub>X</sub>	Common Output / Data Port
9	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive Power Supply
4, 8	IN <sub>X</sub>	Logic Control

**Logic Function Table**

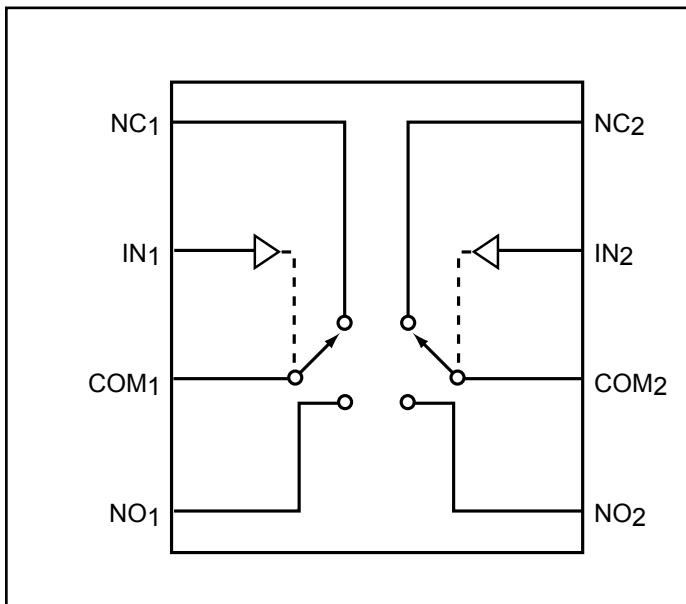
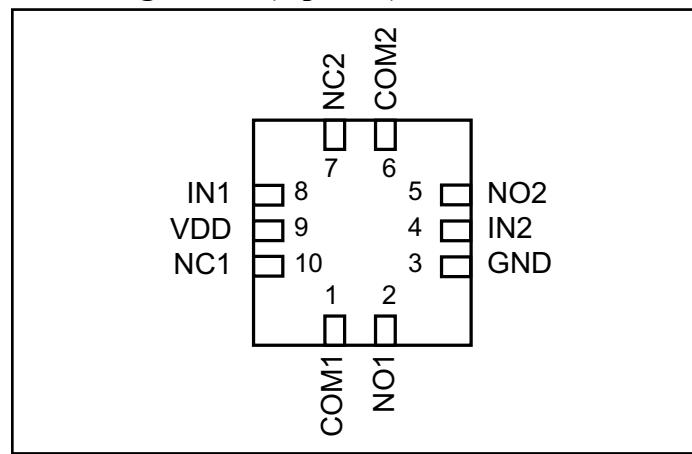
Logic Input (IN <sub>x</sub> )	Function
0	NC <sub>X</sub> Connected to COM <sub>X</sub>
1	NO <sub>X</sub> Connected to COM <sub>X</sub>

Note: x = 1 or 2

**Description**

Pericom Semiconductor's PI3A212 is a dual high-bandwidth, fast single-pole double throw (SPDT) CMOS switch. It can be used as an analog switch or as a low-delay bus switch. Specified over a wide operating power supply voltage, 2.7V to 4.2V, the PI3A212 has an On-Resistance of  $0.6\Omega$  at +2.7V.

Break-before-make switching prevents both switches being enabled simultaneously. This eliminates signal disruption during switching.

**Functional Block Diagram**

**Pin Configuration (top view)**


**Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>**

Supply Voltage V <sub>CC</sub>	.....	-0.5V to 4.6V
DC Switch Voltage (V <sub>S</sub> ) <sup>(2)</sup>	.....	-0.5V to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5V
DC Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> ) <sup>(2)</sup>	.....	-0.5V to 4.6V
Continuous Current NO_NC_COM_	.....	±300mA
Peak Current NO_NC_COM_	(pulsed at 1ms 50% duty cycle)	.....±400mA
Peak Current NO_NC_COM_	(pulsed at 1ms 10% duty cycle)	.....±500mA
Storage Temperature Range (T <sub>STG</sub> )	.....	-65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature under Bias (T <sub>J</sub> )	.....	150°C
Junction Lead Temperature (T <sub>L</sub> )	(Soldering, 10 seconds)	.....260°C
Power Dissipation (P <sub>D</sub> ) @ +85°C	.....	250mW

**Recommended Operating Conditions<sup>(3)</sup>**

Supply Voltage Operating (V <sub>CC</sub> )	.....	2.7V to 4.2V ±10%
Control Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	.....	0V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Switch Input Voltage (V <sub>IN</sub> )	.....	-0.3V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Output Voltage (V <sub>OUT</sub> )	.....	0V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Operating Temperature (T <sub>A</sub> )	.....	-40°C to +85°C
Input Rise and Fall Time (t <sub>r,t<sub>f</sub></sub> )	.....	
Control Input V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V - 3.6V	.....	0ns/V to 10ns/V
Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )	.....	350°C/W
Lead Temperature (soldering 10s)	.....	+300°C
Bump Temperature (soldering notes)		
Infrared (15s)	.....	+220°C
Vapor Phase (60ns)	.....	+215°C

**Notes:**

1. "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.
2. The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the inut and output diode current ratings are observed.
3. Control input must be held HIGH or LOW; it must not float.

**DC Electrical Characteristics +3V Supply**

( $V_{CC} = 2.7V$  to  $3.3V$ ,  $T_A = -40^\circ C$  to  $85^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $3V$  and  $+25^\circ C$ .)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
<b>Analog Switch</b>						
Analog Signal Range	$V_{NO}, V_{NC}, V_{COM}$		-0.3		$V_{CC}$	V
NC On-Resistance	$R_{ON(NC)}$	$V_{CC} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NC} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		0.6	0.8	$\Omega$
NO On-Resistance	$R_{ON(NO)}$	$V_{CC} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$		0.6	0.8	
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	$\Delta R_{ON}$	$V_{CC} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 1.5V$		0.01	0.06	
NC On-Resistance Flatness	$R_{ONF(NC)}$	$V_{CC} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NC} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$			0.2	
NO On-Resistance Flatness	$R_{ONF(NO)}$	$V_{CC} = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 100mA, V_{NO} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$			0.2	
NO or NC Off Leakage Current	$I_{OFF(NO)}$ or $I_{OFF(NC)}$	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 3V, 0.3V, V_{COM} = 0.3V, 3V$	-400		400	nA
COM On Leakage Current	$I_{COM(ON)}$	$V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_{NO}$ or $V_{NC} = 3V, 0.3V, V_{COM} = 3V, 0.3V$ , or floating	-160		160	
<b>Digital I/O</b>						
Input Logic High	$V_{IH}$		1.3			V
Input Logic Low	$V_{IL}$				0.6	
Input Hysteresis	$V_H$	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$		100		mV
IN Input Leakage Current	$I_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 0$ or $V_{CC}$	-0.5		0.5	$\mu A$
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$	$V_{CC} = 3.6V, V_{IN} = 0$ or $V_{CC}$		100	250	nA

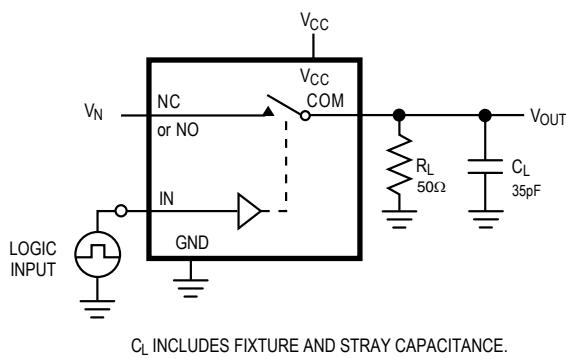
### Switch and AC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Turn-On Time	t <sub>ON</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V, V <sub>NO</sub> or V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 35pF, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 1 &amp; 2.</i>		15	25	
Turn-Off Time	t <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V, V <sub>NO</sub> or V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 35pF, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 1 &amp; 2.</i>		4	10	ns
Break-Before-Make Delay	t <sub>BBM</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V, V <sub>NO</sub> or V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5V, R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 35pF, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 3.</i>			20	
Charge Injection	Q	COM = 0, R <sub>S</sub> = 0, C <sub>L</sub> = 1nF, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 4.</i>		55		pC
Off-Isolation	O <sub>IRR</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 5pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, f = 100kHz, V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V <sub>RMS</sub> , <i>See Test Circuit Figure 5.</i>		-75		
Crosstalk	X <sub>TALK</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 5pF, R <sub>L</sub> = 50Ω, f = 100kHz, V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V <sub>RMS</sub> , <i>See Test Circuit Figure 6.</i>		-90		dB
3dB Bandwidth	f <sub>3dB</sub>	<i>See Test Circuit Figure 9.</i>		60		MHz

### Capacitance

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
NC Off Capacitance	C <sub>NC</sub> (OFF)	f = 1MHz, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 7.</i>		35		
NO Off Capacitance	C <sub>NO</sub> (OFF)	f = 1MHz, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 7.</i>		35		
NC On Capacitance	C <sub>NC</sub> (ON)	f = 1MHz, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 8.</i>		95		
NO On Capacitance	C <sub>NO</sub> (ON)	f = 1MHz, <i>See Test Circuit Figure 8.</i>		95		pF

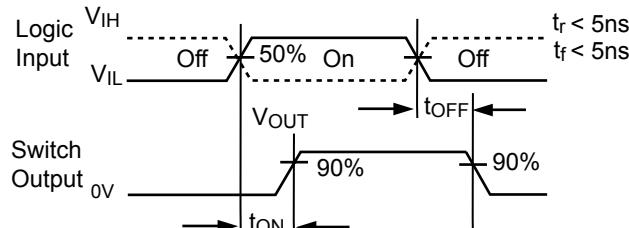
### Test Circuits and Timing Diagrams



**Figure 1. AC Test Circuit**

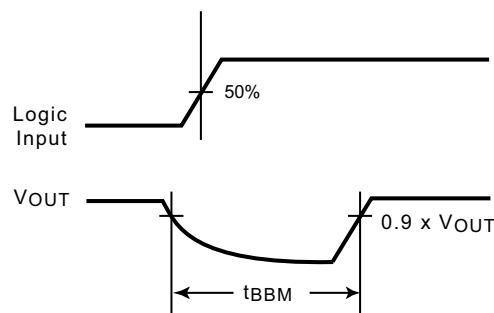
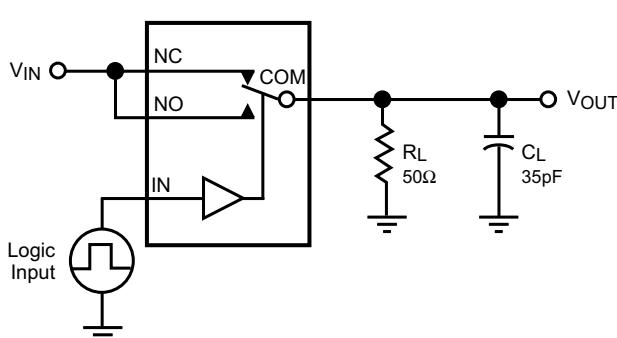
**Notes:**

1. Unused input (NC or NO) must be grounded.

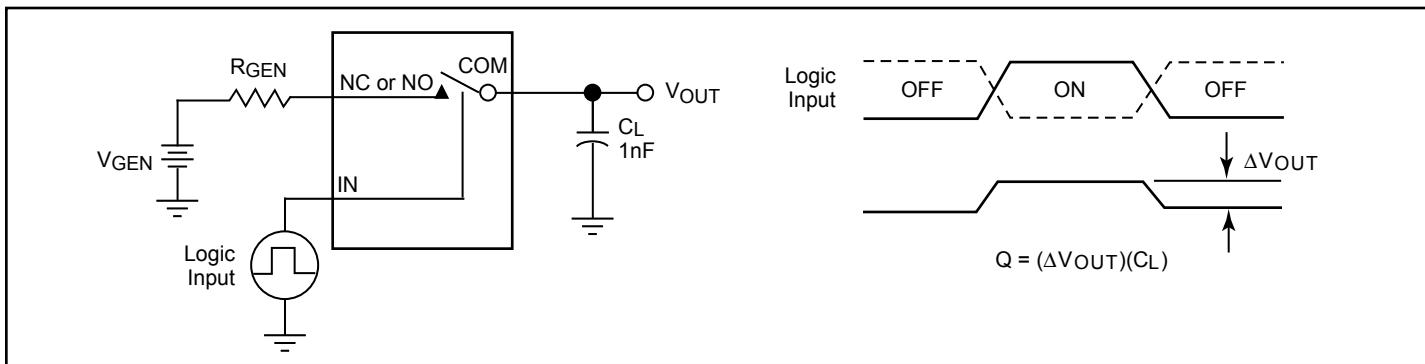
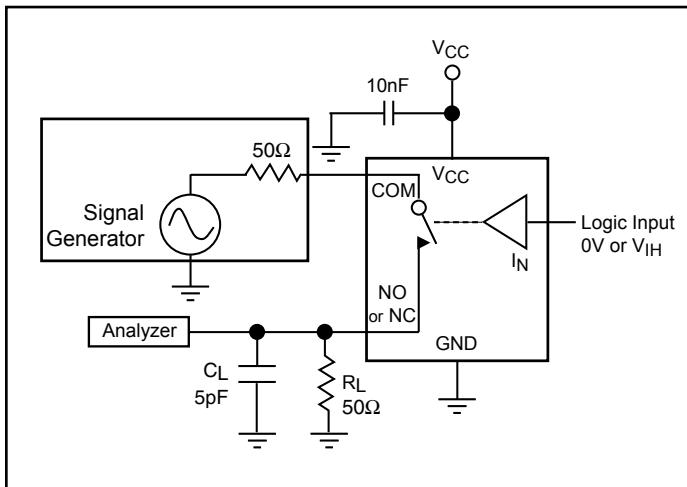
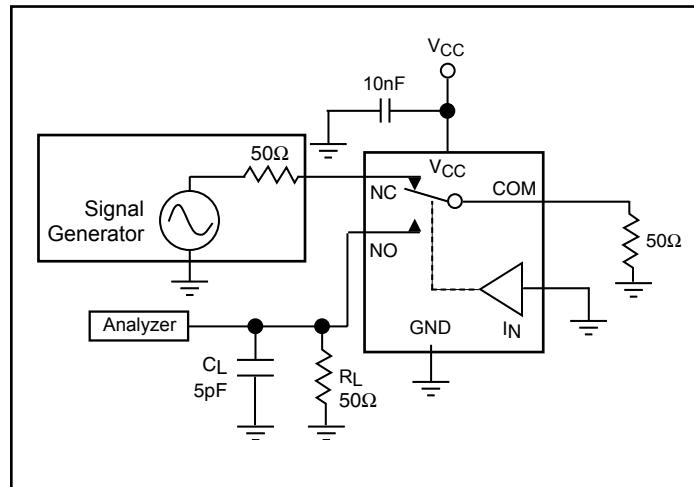
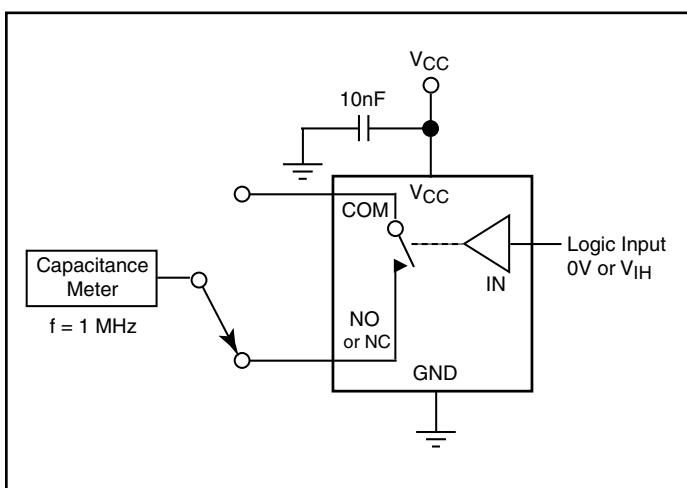
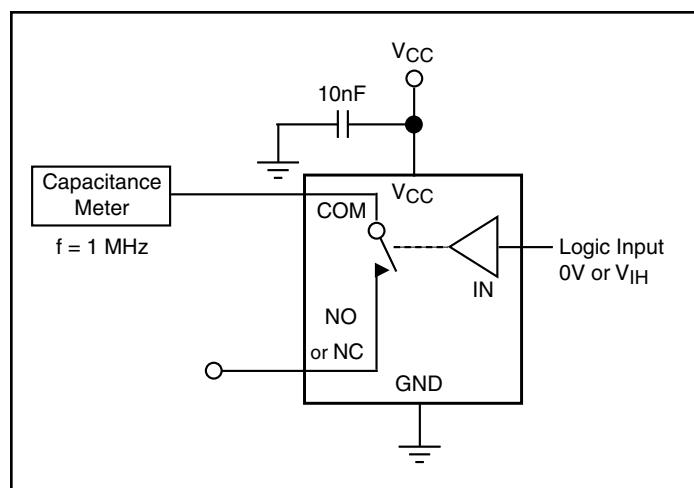


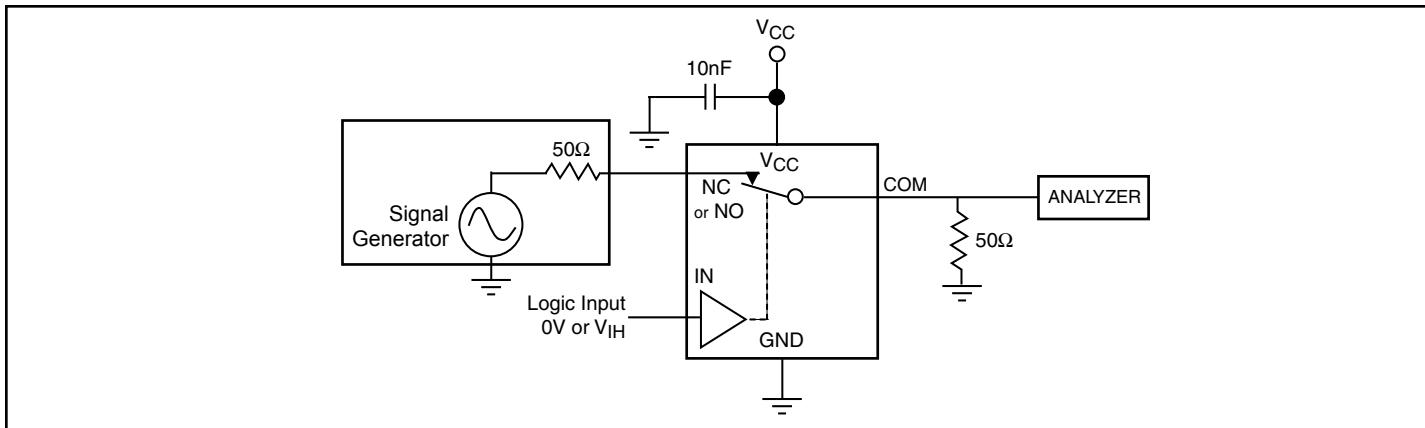
Logic Input Waveforms inverted for  
Switches that have opposite logic

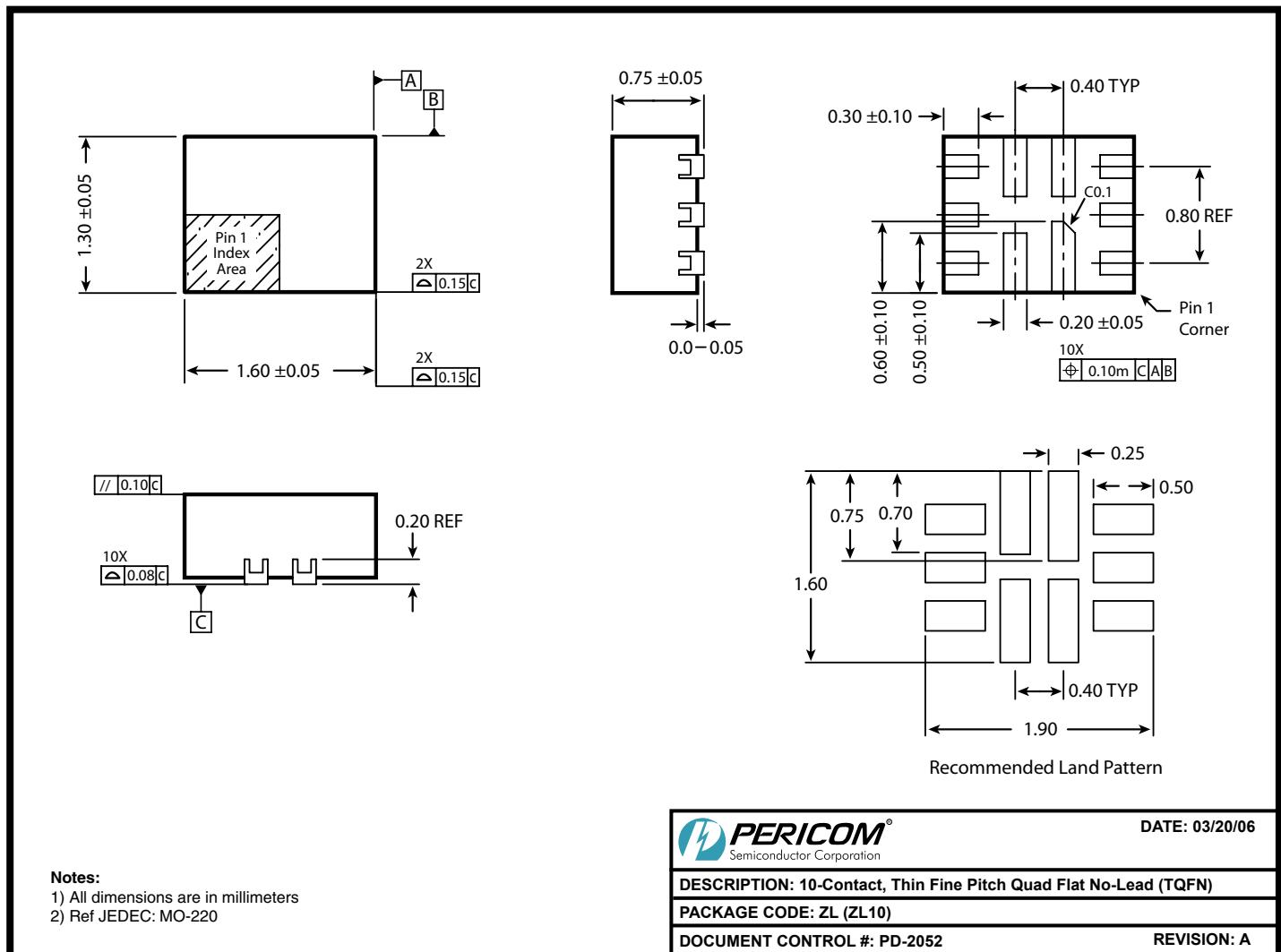
**Figure 2. AC Waveforms**



**Figure 3. Break Before Make Interval Timing**


**Figure 4. Charge Injection Test**

**Figure 5. Off Isolation**

**Figure 6. Crosstalk**

**Figure 7. Channel Off Capacitance**

**Figure 8. Channel On Capacitance**


**Figure 9. Bandwidth**


**Notes:**

- 1) All dimensions are in millimeters
- 2) Ref JEDEC: MO-220



DATE: 03/20/06

DESCRIPTION: 10-Contact, Thin Fine Pitch Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN)

PACKAGE CODE: ZL (ZL10)

DOCUMENT CONTROL #: PD-2052

REVISION: A

**Ordering Information**

Ordering Code	Packaging Code	Package Type	Top Mark
PI3A212ZLEX	ZL	Pb-free & Green, 10-contact TQFN	2A

**Notes:**

- Thermal characteristics can be found on the company web site at [www.pericom.com/packaging/](http://www.pericom.com/packaging/)
- E = Pb-free & Green
- X suffix = Tape/Reel