

## 74VCX162245

### Low Voltage 16-Bit Bidirectional Transceiver with 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs and $26\Omega$ Series Resistors in A Port Outputs

#### General Description

The VCX162245 contains sixteen non-inverting bidirectional buffers with 3-STATE outputs and is intended for bus oriented applications. The device is byte controlled. Each byte has separate 3-STATE control inputs which can be shorted together for full 16-bit operation. The T/R inputs determine the direction of data flow through the device. The OE inputs disable both the A and B ports by placing them in a high impedance state.

The 74VCX162245 is designed for low voltage (1.4V to 3.6V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with I/O compatibility up to 3.6V. The 74VCX162245 is also designed with  $26\Omega$  series resistance in the A Port outputs. This design reduces line noise in applications such as memory address drivers, clock drivers, and bus transceivers/transmitters.

The 74VCX162245 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining low CMOS power dissipation.

#### Features

- 1.4V to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$  supply operation
- 3.6V tolerant inputs and outputs
- $26\Omega$  series resistors in A port outputs
- $t_{PD}$  (B to A)
  - 3.4 ns max for 3.0V to 3.6V  $V_{CC}$
- Power-down high impedance inputs and outputs
- Supports live insertion/withdrawal (Note 1)
- Static Drive ( $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$  A outputs)
  - $\pm 12$  mA @ 3.0V  $V_{CC}$
- Uses patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latchup performance exceeds 300 mA
- ESD performance:
  - Human body model > 2000V
  - Machine model >200V

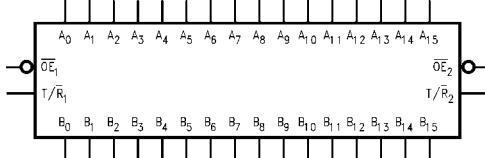
**Note 1:** To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pull-up resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

#### Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74VCX162245MTD	MTD48	48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

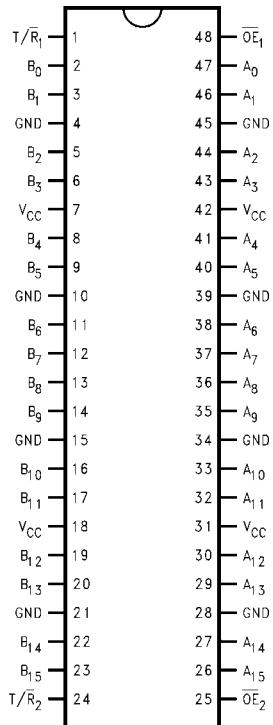
#### Logic Symbol



#### Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
OE <sub>n</sub>	Output Enable Input
T/R <sub>n</sub>	Transmit/Receive Input
A <sub>0</sub> -A <sub>15</sub>	Side A Inputs or 3-STATE Outputs
B <sub>0</sub> -B <sub>15</sub>	Side B Inputs or 3-STATE Outputs

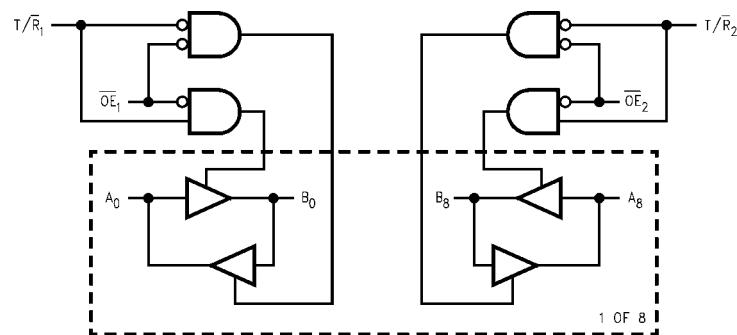
**74VCX162245 Low Voltage 16-Bit Bidirectional Transceiver with 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs and  $26\Omega$  Series Resistors in A Port Outputs**

**Connection Diagram****Truth Tables**

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{OE}_1$	$T/\bar{R}_1$	
L	L	Bus $B_0-B_7$ Data to Bus $A_0-A_7$
L	H	Bus $A_0-A_7$ Data to Bus $B_0-B_7$
H	X	HIGH Z State on $A_0-A_7, B_0-B_7$

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{OE}_2$	$T/\bar{R}_2$	
L	L	Bus $B_8-B_{15}$ Data to Bus $A_8-A_{15}$
L	H	Bus $A_8-A_{15}$ Data to Bus $B_8-B_{15}$
H	X	HIGH Z State on $A_8-A_{15}, B_8-B_{15}$

H = HIGH Voltage Level  
 L = LOW Voltage Level  
 X = Immaterial (HIGH or LOW, inputs and I/O's may not float)  
 Z = High Impedance

**Logic Diagram**

<b>Absolute Maximum Ratings</b> <sup>(Note 2)</sup>		<b>Recommended Operating Conditions</b> <sup>(Note 4)</sup>	
Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )	-0.5V to +4.6V	Power Supply	
DC Input Voltage ( $V_I$ )	-0.5V to +4.6V	Operating	1.4V to 3.6V
Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )		Data Retention Only	1.2V to 3.6V
Outputs 3-State	-0.5V to +4.6V	Input Voltage	-0.3V to 3.6V
Outputs Active (Note 3)	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V	Output Voltage ( $V_O$ )	
DC Input Diode Current ( $I_{IK}$ ) $V_I < 0$ V	-50 mA	Output in Active States	0V to $V_{CC}$
DC Output Diode Current ( $I_{OK}$ )		Output in 3-STATE	0.0V to 3.6V
$V_O < 0$ V	-50 mA	Output Current in $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ -A Outputs	
$V_O > V_{CC}$	+50 mA	$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6V	$\pm 12$ mA
DC Output Source/Sink Current ( $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA	$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7V	$\pm 8$ mA
DC $V_{CC}$ or Ground Current per Supply Pin ( $I_{CC}$ or Ground)	$\pm 100$ mA	$V_{CC} = 1.65$ V to 1.95V	$\pm 3$ mA
Storage Temperature Range ( $T_{STG}$ )	-65°C to +150°C	Output Current in $\pm I_{OH}/I_{OL}$ -B Outputs	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0$ V to 3.6V	$\pm 24$ mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7V	$\pm 18$ mA
		$V_{CC} = 1.65$ V to 2.3V	$\pm 6$ mA
		Free Air Operating Temperature ( $T_A$ )	-40°C to +85°C
		Minimum Input Edge Rate ( $\Delta t/\Delta V$ )	
		$V_{IN} = 0.8$ V to 2.0V, $V_{CC} = 3.0$ V	10 ns/V
<b>Note 2:</b> The "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The Recommended Operating Conditions tables will define the conditions for actual device operation.			
<b>Note 3:</b> $I_O$ Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.			
<b>Note 4:</b> Floating or unused pins (inputs or I/O's) must be held HIGH or LOW.			
<b>DC Electrical Characteristics</b>			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC}$ (V)
$V_{IH}$	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.7 - 3.6 2.3 - 2.7 1.65 - 2.3 1.4 - 1.6
$V_{IL}$	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.7 - 3.6 2.3 - 2.7 1.65 - 2.3 1.4 - 1.6
$V_{OH}$	HIGH Level Output Voltage A Outputs	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7 - 3.6 2.7 3.0 3.0
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 - 2.7 2.3 2.3 2.3
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$	1.65 - 2.3 .65
		$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	1.4 - 1.6 1.4
			$V_{CC} - 0.2$ 2.2 2.4 2.2 $V_{CC} - 0.2$ 2.0 1.8 1.7 $V_{CC} - 0.2$ 1.4 1.05 $V_{CC} - 0.2$ 1.05

## DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Units
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage B Outputs	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 µA	2.7 - 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	2.2		
	HIGH Level Output Voltage A Outputs	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 µA	2.7 - 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.3	2.0		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.3	1.8		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	2.3	1.7		
	LOW Level Output Voltage A Outputs	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	1.65 - 2.3	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = -6 mA	1.65	1.25		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	1.4 - 1.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		I <sub>OL</sub> = -2 mA	1.4	1.05		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage B Outputs	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	2.7 - 3.6		0.2	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.7		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	3.0		0.55	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	3.0		0.8	
	LOW Level Output Voltage A Outputs	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	2.3 - 2.7		0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	2.3		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA	2.3		0.6	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	1.65 - 2.3		0.2	
	LOW Level Output Voltage A Outputs	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3 mA	1.65		0.3	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	1.4 - 1.6		0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA	1.4		0.35	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 µA	2.7 - 3.6		0.2	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	0V ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ 3.6V	2.7 - 3.6		±5.0	µA
	3-STATE Output Leakage	0V ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 3.6V V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	2.7 - 3.6		±10	µA
	Power Off Leakage Current	0V ≤ (V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V	0		10	µA
	Quiescent Supply Current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.7 - 3.6		20	µA
		V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> ) ≤ 3.6V (Note 5)	2.7 - 3.6		±20	µA
	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6V	2.7 - 3.6		750	µA

Note 5: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

### AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 6)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC}$ (V)	$T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ to } +85^\circ C$		Units	Figure Number
				Min	Max		
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay B to A	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.8	3.4	ns	Figures 1, 2
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	4.3		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	8.6		Figures 5, 6
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	1.0	17.2		
$t_{PZL}, t_{PZH}$	Output Enable Time B to A	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.8	4.2	ns	Figures 1, 3, 4
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	5.7		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	9.8		Figures 5, 7, 8
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	1.0	19.6		
$t_{PLZ}, t_{PHZ}$	Output Disable Time B to A	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.8	4.1	ns	Figures 1, 3, 4
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	4.8		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	8.6		Figures 5, 7, 8
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	1.0	17.2		
$t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}$	Propagation Delay A to B	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.8	2.5	ns	Figures 1, 2
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	3.0		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	6.0		Figures 5, 6
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	1.0	12.0		
$t_{PZL}, t_{PZH}$	Output Enable Time A to B	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.8	3.5	ns	Figures 1, 3, 4
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	4.1		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	8.2		Figures 5, 7, 8
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	1.0	16.4		
$t_{PLZ}, t_{PHZ}$	Output Disable Time A to B	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.8	3.5	ns	Figures 1, 3, 4
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$	1.0	3.8		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	6.8		Figures 5, 7, 8
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$	1.0	13.6		
$t_{OSHL}, t_{OSLH}$	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 7)	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500\Omega$	$3.3 \pm 0.3$		0.5	ns	
			$2.5 \pm 0.2$		0.5		
			$1.8 \pm 0.15$		0.75		
		$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2k\Omega$	$1.5 \pm 0.1$		1.5		

Note 6: For  $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , add approximately 300ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 7: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW ( $t_{OSHL}$ ) or LOW-to-HIGH ( $t_{OSLH}$ ).

## Dynamic Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	Units
				Typical	
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub> , A to B	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8	0.25	V
			2.5	0.6	
			3.3	0.8	
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub> , B to A	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8	0.15	V
			2.5	0.25	
			3.3	0.35	
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub> , A to B	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8	-0.25	V
			2.5	-0.6	
			3.3	-0.8	
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub> , B to A	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8	-0.15	V
			2.5	-0.25	
			3.3	-0.35	
V <sub>OHV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OH</sub> , A to B	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8	1.5	V
			2.5	1.9	
			3.3	2.2	
V <sub>OHV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OH</sub> , B to A	C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V	1.8	1.55	V
			2.5	2.05	
			3.3	2.65	

## Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V, 2.5V, or 3.3V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub>	6	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0V, or V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V	7	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> , f = 10 MHz V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V	20	pF

### AC Loading and Waveforms ( $V_{CC}$ 3.3V ± 0.3V to 1.8V ± 0.15V)

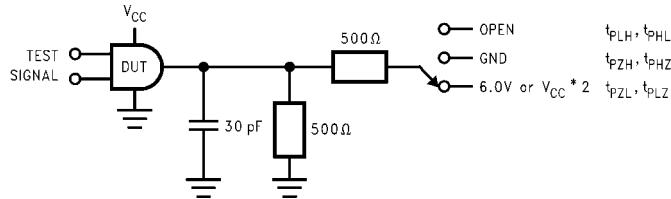


FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit

TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZH}, t_{PLZ}$	$6V$ at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ ; $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V; 1.8V \pm 0.15V$
$t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$	GND

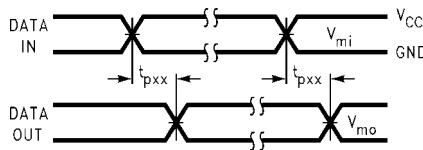


FIGURE 2. Waveform for Inverting and Non-inverting Functions

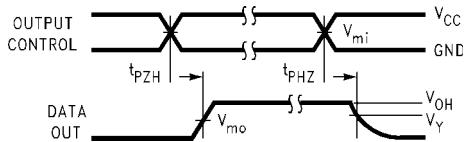


FIGURE 3. 3-STATE Output HIGH Enable and Disable Times for LOW Voltage Logic

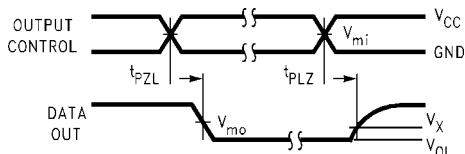


FIGURE 4. 3-STATE Output LOW Enable and Disable Times for LOW Voltage Logic

Symbol	$V_{CC}$		
	$3.3V \pm 0.3V$	$2.5V \pm 0.2V$	$1.8V \pm 0.15V$
$V_{mi}$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_{mo}$	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.3V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.3V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$

### AC Loading and Waveforms ( $V_{CC} 1.5V \pm 0.1V$ )

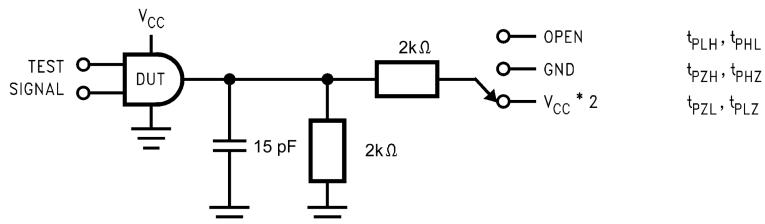


FIGURE 5. AC Test Circuit

TEST	SWITCH
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Open
$t_{PZH}, t_{PLZ}$	$V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 1.5V \pm 0.1V$
$t_{PZL}, t_{PHZ}$	GND

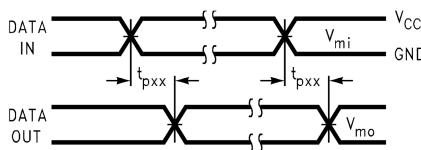


FIGURE 6. Waveform for Inverting and Non-inverting Functions

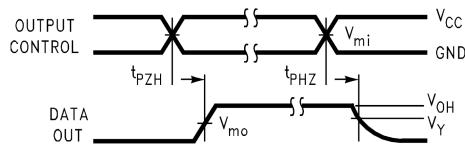


FIGURE 7. 3-STATE Output HIGH Enable and Disable Times for LOW Voltage Logic

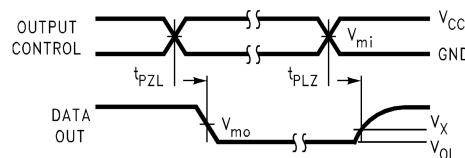
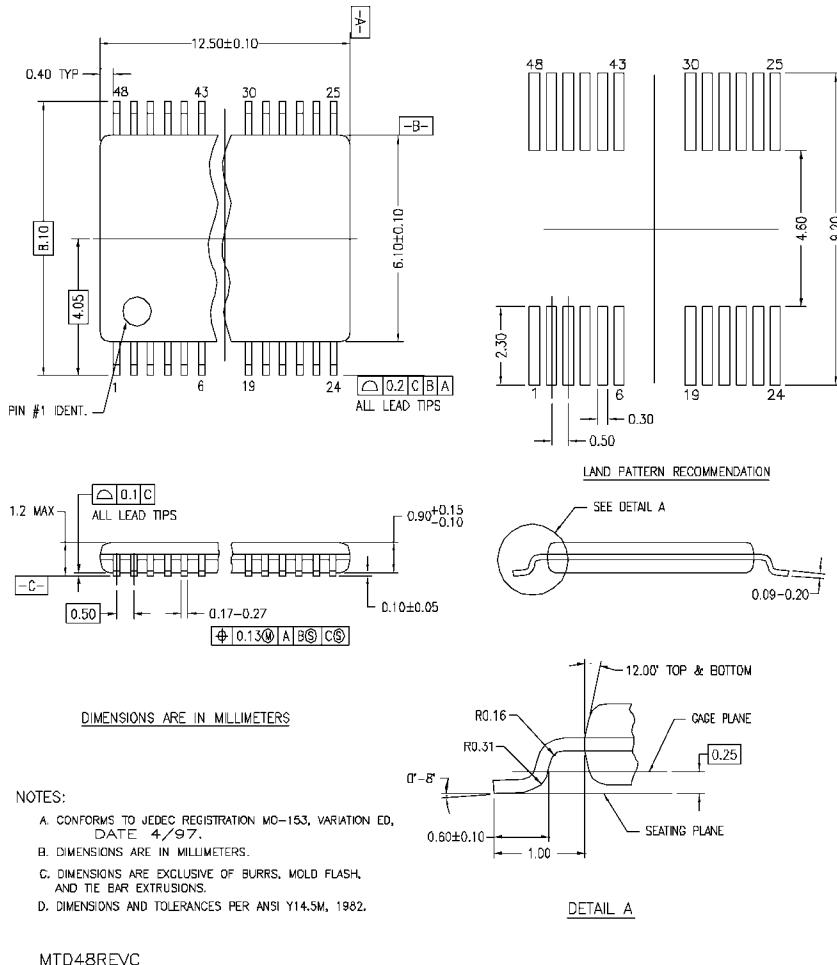


FIGURE 8. 3-STATE Output LOW Enable and Disable Times for LOW Voltage Logic

Symbol	$V_{CC}$
	$1.5V \pm 0.1V$
$V_{mi}$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_{mo}$	$V_{CC}/2$
$V_X$	$V_{OL} + 0.1V$
$V_Y$	$V_{OH} - 0.1V$

# 74VCX162245 Low Voltage 16-Bit Bidirectional Transceiver with 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs and 26Ω Series Resistors in A Port Outputs

## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



MTD48REVC

**48-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide  
Package Number MTD48**

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