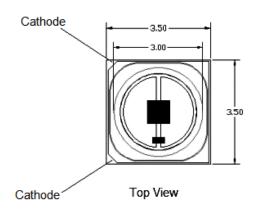
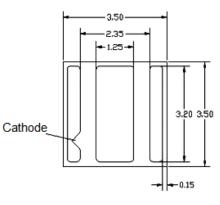


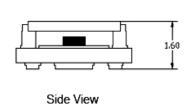
3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

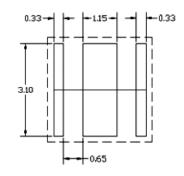
PACKAGE OUTLINES





Solidering Pad

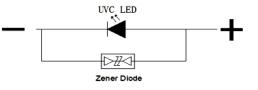




WARNING:

- UV LEDs emit light in the ultraviolet region (UV light).
- UV light is invisible and may be harmful to the human eye.
- Do not expose the eyes directly to the UV light. Wearing appropriate protective gear when handling.
- Use appropriate warning signs/ labels on the devices equipped with UV LEDs.

Recommended Pad Layout



Item	Materials	
Viewing Angle	120 Degree	
Lens Color	Water Clear	
Emitted Color	Ultra Violet	

Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerances are ±0.1mm unless otherwise noted.



3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward Current	If	120	mA
LED Junction Temperature	Tj	90	°C
Thermal resistance	Rth	27	°C/W
Operating Temperature Range	Тор	-30 ~ +60	°C
Soldering Temperature	Тр	260°C for 5sec Max	

ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=25°C)

Dozomotov	Test	Symbol	Value			Unit
Parameter	Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Peak Wavelength		λP	270	275	280	nm
Forward Voltage		Vf	5	5.5	6.5	V
Radiant Output	If=60mA	Popt	4	5		mW
Spectral Half bandwidth		Δλ		9		nm
Viewing Angle at 50% Iv		2 0 1/2		120		Deg

Note:

- 1. The tolerance of forward voltage is ± 0.1 V.
- 2. The tolerance of radiant output is $\pm 8\%$.
- 3. The tolerance of peak wavelength is ±3nm.



3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

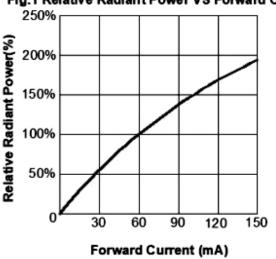


Fig.1 Relative Radiant Power VS Forward Current Fig.2 Forward Current VS Forward Voltage (Ta=25°C)

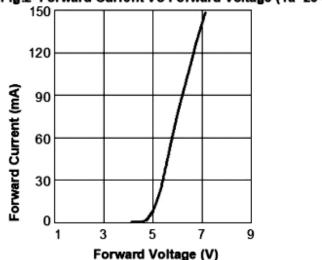


Fig.3 Forward Voltage VS Ambient Temperature

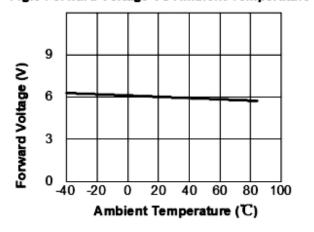
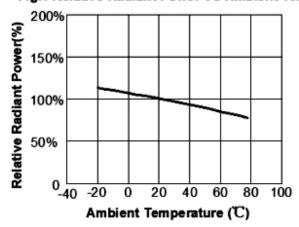


Fig.4 Relative Radiant Power VS Ambient Temperature





3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

Fig.5 Peak Wavelength VS Forward Current

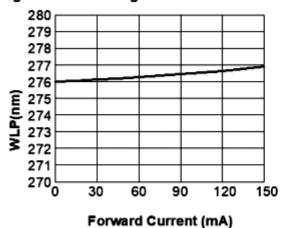


Fig.6 Forward Current VS Ambient Temperature

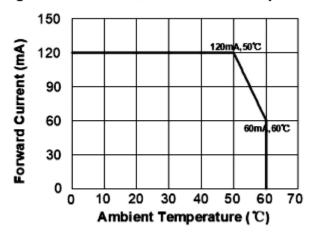


Fig.7 Relative Intensity VS WLP

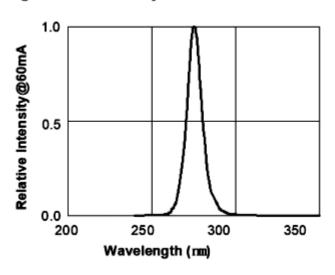
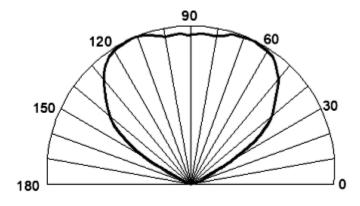


Fig.8 Radiation pattern@60mA





3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

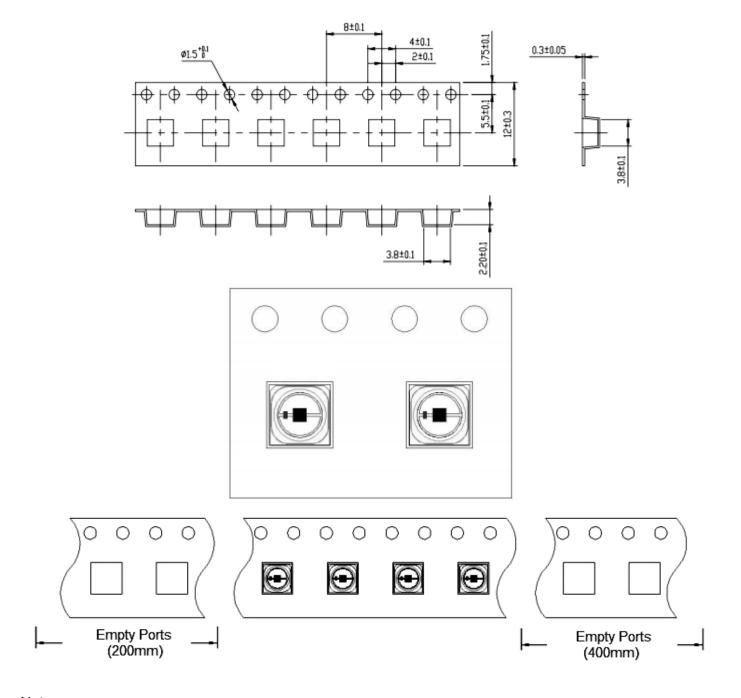
RELIABILITY TEST

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note	Failure Criteria
Life Test	T _a =25°C I _F =60mA	1000 hrs	
High Temperature Storage	T _a =100°C	1000 hrs	Forward Voltage VF>120%
Low Temperature Storage	T _a =-40°C	1000 hrs	Radiant Output Popt<70%
Temperature Cycle	-40°C 30min ↑↓ 25°C 5min ↑↓ 100°C 30min	100 cycle	



3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

TAPE DEMINSION



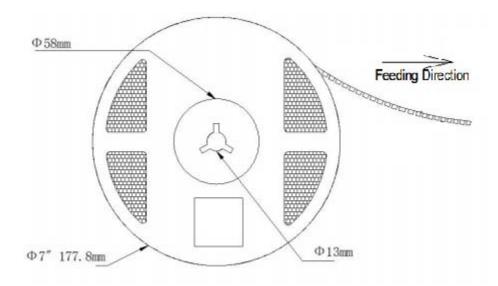
Note:

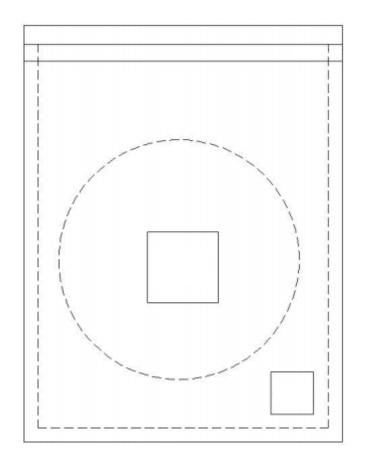
QTY/Reel: 1000 pcs Max.



3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

REEL DEMINSION



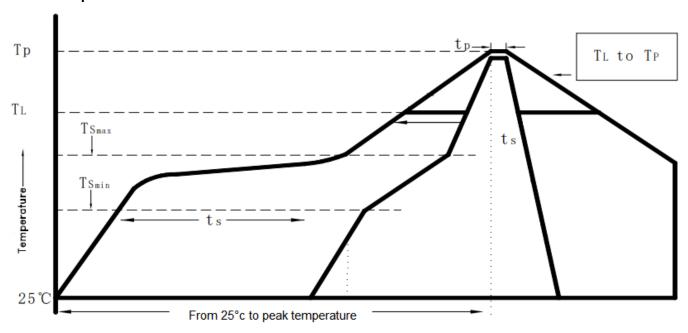




3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

REFLOW SOLIDERING PROFILE

Reflow Temp/time



Stage	Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Preheat	Ramp-up Rate	TSmax to Tp	1	°C/sec
	Min. Temperature	TSmin	100-150	°C
	Max. Temperature	TSmax	180-200	°C
	Time	TSmin to TSmax	60-120	Sec
Equilibrium	Temperature	TL	217	°C
	Temperature Time	tL	50-80	Sec
Reflow	Peak Temperature	Тр	260	°C
	Time	tr	20-40	Sec
Cooling	Ramp-down Rate	Vc	3	°C/sec
Preheat to Reflow	From 25°C to peak temperature	25°C to Tp	4 mins MAX.	



3.5 x 3.5 x 1.6mm UVC SMD LED

PRECAUTIONS FOR USE:

Storage time:

- 1. Calculated shelf life before opening is 6 months at 10-30°C and < 60% relative humidity (RH).
- 2. After bag is opened, devices which will be subjected to reflow soldering or other high temperature processes must be:
 - a) Assembled within 24 hour, or
 - b) Stored at Moisture Proof bag with desiccant.
- 3. Devices are required baking before assembly if:
 - a) Package is opened before.
 - b) 2.a) or 2.b) doesn't meet.
- 4. If baking is required, devices should be baked for 6 hours at 60°C.

ESD (Electrostatic Discharge):

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED. Use of a conductive wrist band or antielectrostatic glove is recommended when handling these LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.

Cleaning

In case where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution can be applied to the lens surface.

- Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LED.
- Try a gentle swabbing with lint-free swab.
- If need, the use of tint-free swab and isopropyl alcohol used gently removes dirt from the lens.
- Don't use other solvents as they may directly react with the LED assembly.
- Don't use ultrasonic cleaning that the LED will be damaged.

Over-Current-Proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection; otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).